# **Switches**

# Solid State Switch Connection and Examples

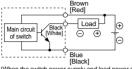
# **Basic Wiring**

# 3 wire, NPN

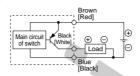
Main circuit of switch

Switch

(When the switch power supply and load power supply are the same)

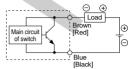


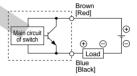
(When the switch power supply and load power supply are separate)



3 wire, PNP

### 2 wire





# [Black] Examples of Connection to PLC

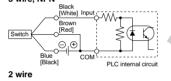
# Sink input specifications, 3 wire, NPN

Brown

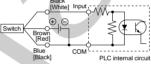
[Red]

[Black]

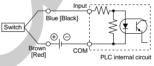
⊕ COM



# Source input specifications, 3 wire, PNP



2 wire

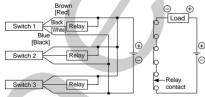


Connect according to the applicable PLC input specifications, as the connection method will vary depending on the PLC input specifications.

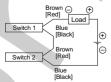
# Connection Examples for AND (Series) and OR (Parallel)

PLC internal circuit

### 3 wire, AND connection for NPN output



# 2 wire with 2 switch AND connection



When two switches are connected in series, a load may malfunction because the load voltage will decline when in the ON state.

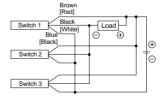
The indicator lights will light up

The indicator lights will light up when both of the switches are in the ON state.

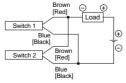
Load voltage at ON = Power supply voltage - Residual voltage x 2 pcs. = 24V - 4V x 2 pcs. = 16V

Example: Power supply voltage is 24VDC.
Internal voltage drop in switch is 4V.

# 3 wire, OR connection for NPN output



### 2 wire with 2 switch OR connection



When two switches are connected in parallel, malfunction may occur because the load voltage will increase when in the OFF state.

Load voltage at OFF = Leakage current  $\times$  2 pcs.  $\times$  Load impedance = 1mA  $\times$  2pcs. = 3k $\Omega$  = 6V

Example: Load impedance is  $3k\Omega$ . Leakage current from switch is 1mA.





# **Proximity Switches**

# Applicable switch models

Applicable model	Model type	Part no.	Switch type		
	G	GXL-8F	Standard	N.O. (A contact)	3 wire
	GD	GXL-8FI	Varying frequencies	N.O. (A contact)	3 wire
LXF	GB	GXL-8FB	Standard	N.C. (B contact)	3 wire
LXS	GDB	GXL-8FIB	Varying frequencies	N.C. (B contact)	3 wire
	GU	GXL-8FU	Standard	N.O. (A contact)	2 wire
	GUB	GXL-8FUB	Standard	N.C. (B contact)	2 wire

# Switch specifications (SUNX Corporation)

Part no.		GXL-8F(I)(B)	GXL-8FU	GXL-8FUB	
Repeatability		Direction of detecting axis, Perpendicular to detecting axis: 0.04mm or less			
Power supply v	oltage	12 to 24	VDC ±10%, Ripple P-P 10% or les	ss	
Current consumption		15mA	0.8mA or less (when output is OFF)		
Output		NPN Maximum load current: 100mA Maximum applied voltage: 30VDC Residual voltage: 1V or less	2 wire solid Load current: Residual voltag	3 to 70mA	
Maximum response frequency		500Hz	1kHz		
Indicator light		Red LED (lights up when ON)		table detection)	
	Ambient temperature	–10° to 55°C	−25° to	70°C	
resistance –	Ambient humidity	45 to 85% RH			
	Noise resistance	Power line: 240Vp, pulse width of 0.5μs			
Detecting	Temperature characteristics	ture Within +15/–10% of detecting distance at 20°C within ambient temperature ra			
distance fluctuation	Voltage characteristics	Within ±2% with ±10% fluctuation of operating voltage			
Cable		0.08mm 3 wire heavy duty cable 1m	0.15mm 2 wire hea	vy duty cable 1m	

### Proximity switch internal circuit

# GXL-8F(I)(B) Output Black lead wire Blue lead wire GXL-8FU(B)(I) Brown lead wire

Blue lead wire

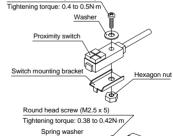
# Proximity Switch/Switch Plate Mounting

Be sure to use the mounting screws included, and mount the proximity switch as shown in the drawing to the right.

Mount the switch plate as shown below.

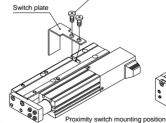
Mount the switch plate as shown below. Always use the proper tightening torque and use a thread locking agent on screws to prevent loosening.

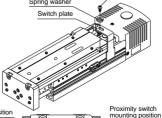
The switch body is made of PBT and acrylic resin. Select a thread locking agent that will not affect these materials.



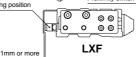
Button head screw (M2.6 x 10)

Thin head screw (M3 x 4)
Tightening torque: 0.38 to 0.42N·m



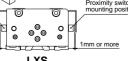


Proximity switch mounting position



POWER





# **Switches**

# **Photo Micro Sensor**

# Standard Photo Micro Sensor for Home Position (OMRON Corporation)

## Rating

Power supply voltage	5 to 24VDC ±10%, Ripple (p-p) 10% or less			
Current consumption	35mA or less			
Control output	5 to 24VDC load current (Ic) 100mA, Residual voltage 0.8V or less			
Control output	Load current (Ic) 40mA, Residual voltage 0.4V or less			
Ambient temperature	Operation: -25° to 55°C (When stored: -30° to 80°C)			
Ambient humidity	Operation: 5 to 85%RH (When stored: 5 to 95%RH)			
Part no.	EE-SX672 equivalent	EE-SX673 equivalent	EE-SX674	
Applicable actuator	LXF	LXP, LXS	LG1 (non-standard motor)	



# **Terminal arrangement**

1	Brown	Vcc	$\oplus$	
2	White	L*		
3	Black	OUTPUT		
4	Blue	GND (OV)	0	

<sup>\*</sup> Normally ON when light is blocked. However, if the ①terminal and + terminal are shorted, it changes to ON when light enters.

## **Output level circuit**

