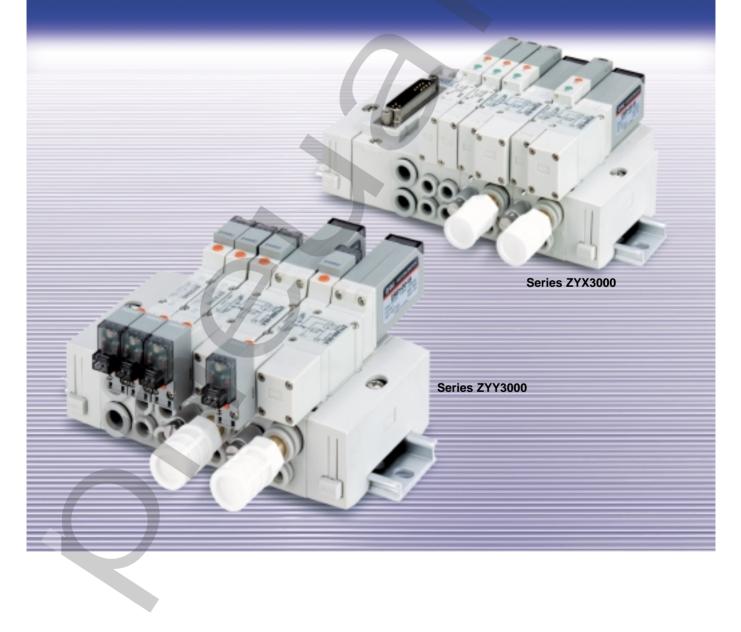


# **Ejector Valve Unit**



## Ejector valve unit suitable for vacuum adsorption systems

(A combination of solenoid valve for cylinder drive, etc. + vacuum ejector)

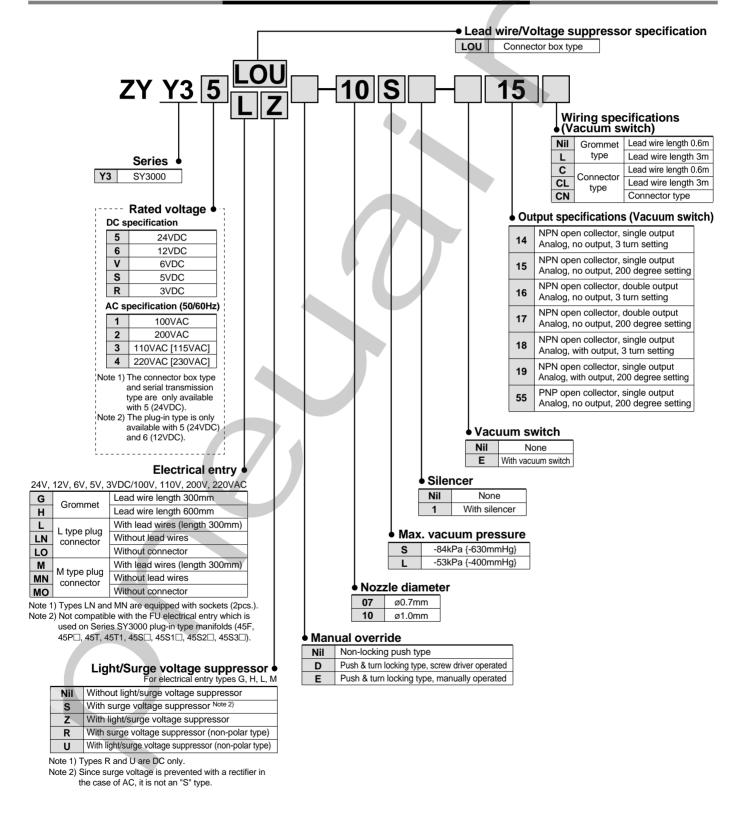






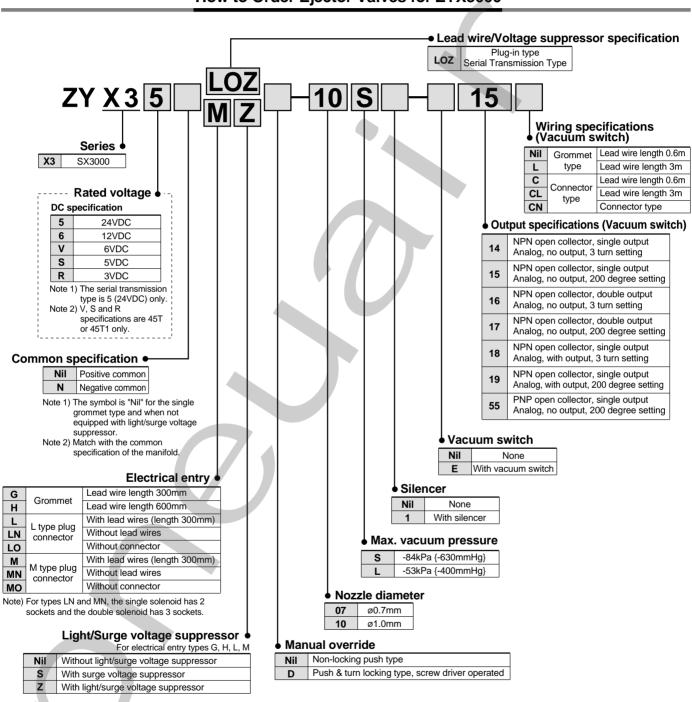


How to Order Ejector Valves for ZYY3000









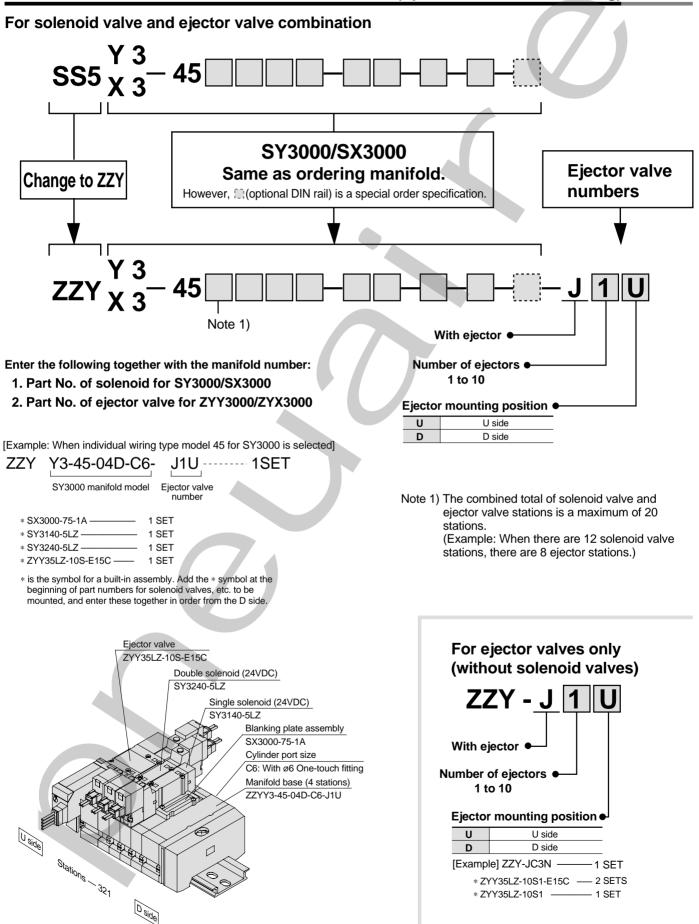








How to Order Manifold Valves for ZYY3000/ZYX3000 (Split Base/DIN Rail Mounting)









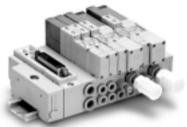
### Series SY3000/SX3000 DIN rail mount type can be mounted in manifold /split base combinations

#### Compact

(integrated construction of ejector and valve) Copper free measures implemented



Series ZYY3000



Series ZYX3000

### **Ejector Valve Specifications**

Ejector valve model ZY□3□□□−07s ZY□3□□□−07t ZY□3□□□−10s ZY□3□□□−10t   Nozzle diameter mmø 0.7 1.0 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>					
Max. suction flow rate N/min 11 18 22 32   Max. vacuum pressure kPa -84 {-630mmHg} -53 {-400mmHg} -84 {-630mmHg} -53 {-400mmHg}	Ejector valve model	ZY🛛3🗖🗖–07S	ZY🗆3🗆🗆–07L	ZY[]3[][]-10S	ZY_310L
Max. vacuum pressure kPa -84 {-630mmHg} -53 {-400mmHg} -84 {-630mmHg} -53 {-400mmHg}	Nozzle diameter mmø	0.7		1.0	
	Max. suction flow rate N/min	11	18	22	32
Max. operating pressure 0.6MPa {6kgf/cm²}	Max. vacuum pressure kPa	-84 {-630mmHg}	–53 {–400mmHg}	-84 {-630mmHg}	-53 {-400mmHg}
	Max. operating pressure	0.6MPa {6kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> }			
Standard supply pressure 0.45MPa {4.5kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> }	Standard supply pressure	0.45MPa {4.5kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> }			
Operating temperature range 5 to 50°C	Operating temperature range	5 to 50°C			

## Supply/Release Valve Specifications

Valve type	Pilot type 3 position 3 port solenoid valve		
Type of actuation	Closed center		
Fluid	Air		
Operating pressure range	0.2 to 0.7MPa {2 to 7.1kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> }		
Ambient and fluid temperature	5 to 50°C		
Allowable voltage fluctuation	- 10 to + 10%		
Electrical entry	Grommet : G, H L type plug connector : L, LN, LO M type plug connector : M, MN, MO		
Power consumption	0.5W (with light: 0.6W) : Series ZYY3000 0.6W (with light: 0.65W) : Series ZYX3000		
Effective area (Cv factor)	4.68mm <sup>2</sup> (0.26)		







### **Electronic Vacuum Pressure Switch Specifications**

Madal	ZSE1-00-14	ZSE1-00-15	ZSE1-00-16□	ZSE1-00-17□	ZSE1-00-18	ZSE1-00-19□	ZSE1-00-55□
Model	–X129 (–X130)	–X129 (–X130)	–X129 (–X130)	–X129 (–X130)	–X129 (–X130)	–X129 (–X130)	–X129 (–X130)
Sensor type		Diffusion type semiconductor pressure sensor					
Set pressure range	0 to -101kPa {0 to -760mmHg}						
Hysteresis	1 to -10% of set p	pressure (variable)	3% full span	or less (fixed)	1 to -10%	of set pressure (	(variable)
Repeatability			±	1% full span or le	ess		
Temperature characteristics	$\pm$ 3% full span or less						
Operating voltage	12 to 24VDC (ripple ± 10% or less)						
ON-OFF output	NPN open collector 30V Max. 80mA PNP open collector Max. 80mA						
Analog output	None 1 to 5V		5V	None			
Setting points	1 point 2 points 1 point						
Operation indicator light	Lights up when ON (red) Lights up when ON (OUT1: red, OUT2: green) Lights up when ON (red)			ed)			
Setting trimmer rotation angle	3 turns	200 degrees	3 turns	200 degrees	3 turns	200 degrees	200 degrees
Current consumption	17mA or less (when 24VDC is ON) 25mA or less (when 24VDC is ON) 17mA or less (when 24VDC is ON)			C is ON)			
Max. operating pressure	0.2MPa {2.1kgf/cm²}						

Note 1) When using an ejector, there is no problem if pressure of 0.5MPa {5.1kgf/cm²} is applied for 1 second or less.

Note 2) X129 is for Series ZYX3000 and X130 is for Series ZYY3000.

### How to Order Electronic Vacuum Pressure switch

# ZSE1-00-15-X130

Output	specifications	•
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	• •				
14	NPN open collector, single output Analog, no output, 3 turn setting				
15	NPN open collector, single output Analog, no output, 200 degree setting				
16	NPN open collector, double output Analog, no output, 3 turn setting				
17	NPN open collector, double output Analog, no output, 200 degree setting				
18	NPN open collector, single output Analog, with output, 3 turn setting				
19	NPN open collector, single output Analog, with output, 200 degree setting				
55	PNP open collector, single output Analog, no output, 200 degree setting				

#### Compatible models

129	For Series ZYX3000
130	For Series ZYY3000

#### Wiring specifications

Nil	Grommet type	Lead wire length 0.6m	
L	Groninet type	Lead wire length 3m	
С		Lead wire length 0.6m	
CL	Connector type	Lead wire length 3m	
CN		Without connector	

### With connector/How to Order

- Without lead wires (1 connector and 4 sockets) ——
- With lead wires –

Note) When ordering a switch with 5m lead wires, enter the part numbers for both a switch without connector and lead wires with connector.

Example) ZSE1-00-15CN-X129 — 1pc. ZS-20-5A-50 — 1pc.

ZS-20-A	
ZS-20-5A-	Ρ
Lead wire length	

Nil	0.6m	
30	3m	
50	5m	





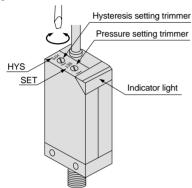


### How to Set the Pressure

- The ON pressure is set with the pressure setting trimmer. High vacuum settings are obtained by turning it clockwise.
- When setting, use a flat head screw driver which fits the slot in the trimmer, and turn it gently with your finger tips.

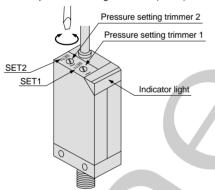
#### ZSE1-00-14/-15/-18/-19

- Hysteresis can be set using the hysteresis setting trimmer. The setting is increased by turning it clockwise, and the range is 1 to 10% of the ON pressure.
- When the hysteresis setting trimmer is moved after setting the ON pressure, it must be set again.



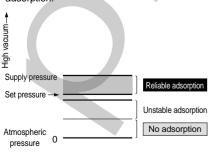
#### ZSE1-00-16/-17

- OUT1 (white lead wire, red LED) can be set with pressure setting trimmer 1 (SET1).
- OUT2 (green lead wire, green LED) can be set with pressure setting trimmer 2 (SET2).



• When using to confirm adsorption, set to the minimum vacuum pressure at which adsorption is possible. If set below this value, the switch will turn ON even when adsorption has failed or is insufficient.

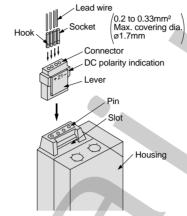
Also take note that if the setting is too high, the switch may not turn ON even with good adsorption.



### How to Use the Connector

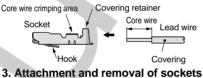
#### 1. Installation and removal of connector

- To install the connector, hold the lever and connector unit between your fingers and insert it straight onto the pins. Then lock it by pressing the pawl of the lever into the slot on the housing.
- To remove the connector, pull it straight out while pressing the lever down with your thumb to release the pawl from the slot.



#### 2. Crimping of lead wire and socket

Strip 3.2 to 3.7mm at the end of the wire, place the exposed core wire into the socket properly and crimp with a crimping tool. When this is done, be sure that the lead wire covering does not get into the core wire crimping area. (Crimping tool: Model DXT170-75-1)

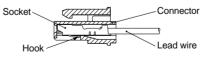


#### Attachment and removal of sockets with lead wire Attachment

Insert a socket into a square hole in the connector (+, 1, 2, – indication provided). Holding by the lead wire, push it all the way in until the hook on the socket catches and locks in the seat of the connector. (When it is pushed in, the hook opens and locks automatically.) Then pull the lead wire gently to confirm that it is locked.

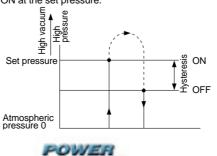
Removal

To remove a socket from the connector, pull the lead wire out while pushing in the socket's hook using a bar with a thin end (approximately 1mm). If this socket will be used again, spread the hook outward.



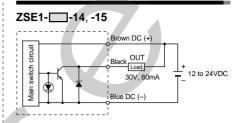
#### Hysteresis

Hysteresis is the difference between the pressure at which the output signal turns ON and the pressure at which it turns OFF. It turns ON at the set pressure.

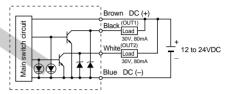


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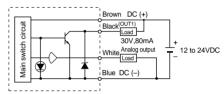
#### Internal Circuits and Wiring Examples



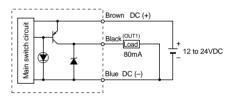
#### ZSE1--16,-17



#### ZSE1-\_\_\_-18,-19



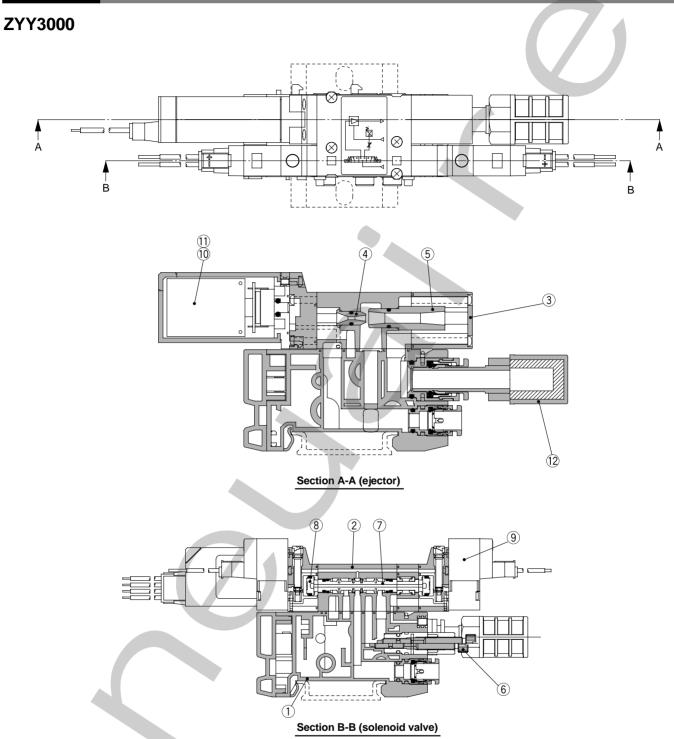
#### ZSE1--55







### Construction



#### Parts list

No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Manifold block	Resin	Urban white
2	Body	Die-cast zinc	Urban white
3	Silencer cover	Resin	Urban white
4	Nozzle	Aluminum	
5	Diffuser	Aluminum	
6	Needle	SUS	
7	Spool	Aluminum	
8	Piston	Resin	

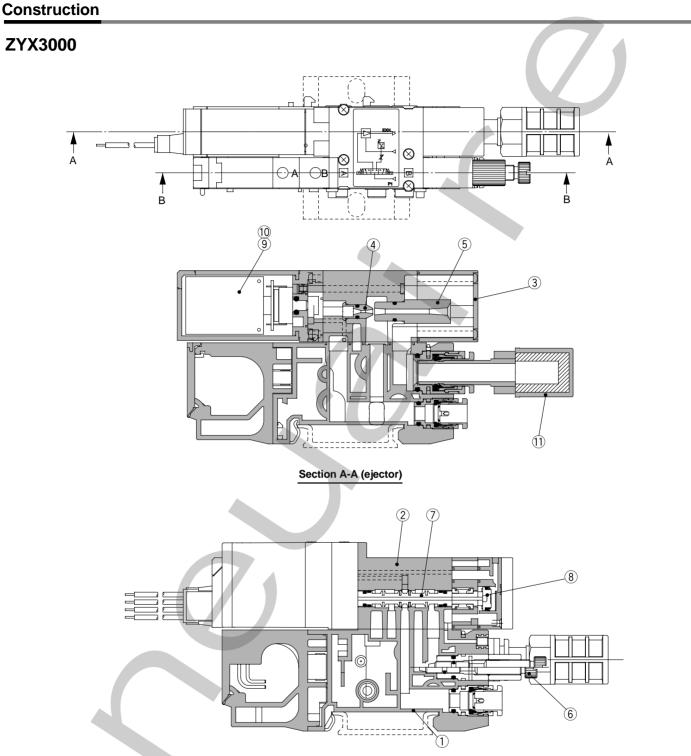
#### **Replacement parts list**

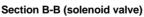
No.	Description	Part No.
9	3 port solenoid valve	SY114-000
10	Vacuum switch	ZSE1-00-□□□-X130
11	End plate assembly	P44027A
12	Silencer	AN203-KM8











# Parts list

Parts	list		
No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Manifold block	Resin	Urban white
2	Body	Die-cast zinc	Urban white
3	Silencer cover	Resin	Urban white
4	Nozzle	Aluminum	
5	Diffuser	Aluminum	
6	Needle	SUS	
7	Spool	Aluminum	
8	Piston	Resin	

#### **Replacement parts list**

No.	Description	Part No.
9	Vacuum switch	ZSE1-00-□□-X129
10	End plate assembly	P440119A
11	Silencer	AN203-KM8

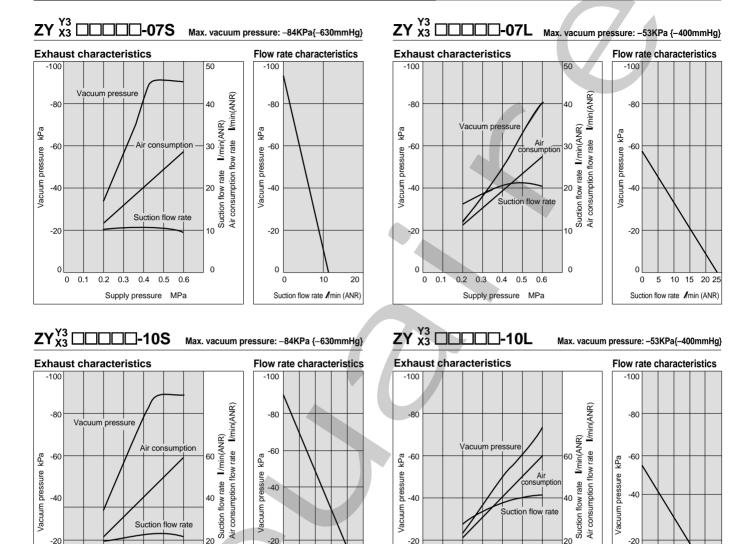


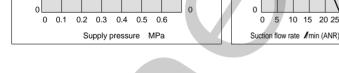




## Exhaust Characteristics/Flow Rate Characteristics

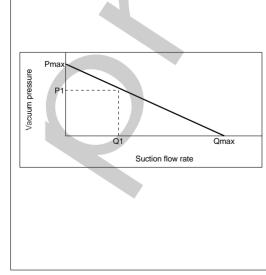
The flow rate characteristics correspond to a supply pressure of 0.45MPa {4.5kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>}.





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### Viewing the flow rate characteristic graphs



The flow rate characteristics indicate the relationship between the vacuum pressure and the suction flow rate of the ejector, and show that when the suction flow rate changes the vacuum pressure also changes. In general, this indicates the relationship at the ejector's standard operating pressure. In the graph, Pmax indicates the maximum vacuum pressure, and Qmax indicates the maximum suction flow rate. These are the values that are published as specifications in catalogs, etc. The methods for changing the vacuum pressure will be explained in order.

0

0

0.1

0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5

Supply pressure MPa

- 1. If the ejector's suction port is closed and sealed tight, the suction flow rate becomes "0" and the vacuum pressure increases to the maximum (Pmax)
- 2. If the suction port is opened gradually and air is allowed to flow (the air leaks), the inlet flow rate increases and the vacuum pressure decreases. (the condition of P1 and Q1)

3. If the suction port is opened completely, the suction flow rate increases to the maximum (Qmax), while the vacuum pressure then drops almost to "0 (atmospheric pressure).

0

10 20 30

Suction flow rate /min (ANR)

40 50

20

0

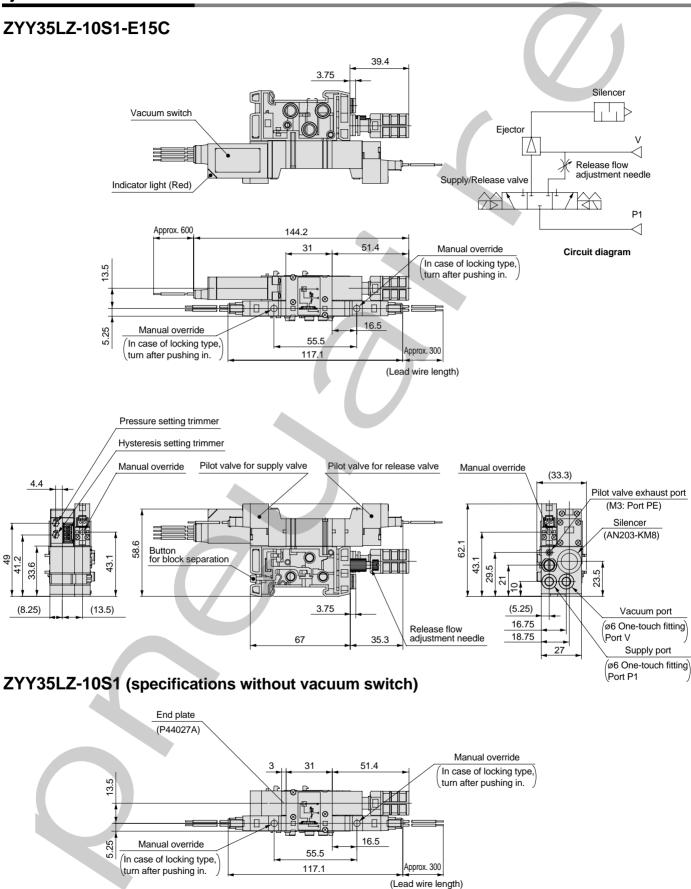
0.6

In this way, when the suction flow rate changes the vacuum pressure also changes. In other words, when there is no leakage at the vacuum port (vacuum piping), the vacuum pressure increases to the maximum, but the vacuum pressure drops as the amount of leakage increases, and when the amount of leakage and the maximum suction flow rate become equal, the vacuum pressure decreases nearly to "0". When adsorbing work pieces which are permeable or subject to leakage, etc., caution is required as the vacuum pressure will not be very high.



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### **Ejector Valve Dimensions**

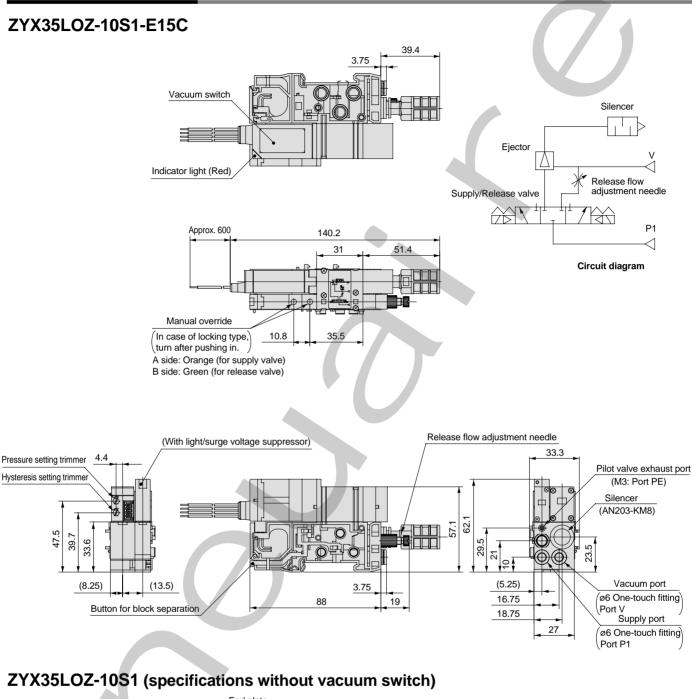


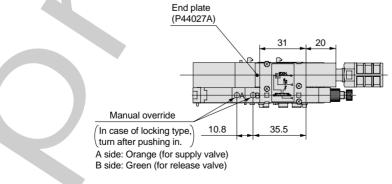






### **Ejector Valve Dimensions**







V

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